Buckinghamshire County Council

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health for the Year 1942

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PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY.

(a) Whole-time Officers of the County Council:-

County Medical Officer of Health: G. W. H. TOWNSEND, B.A., M.B., B.CH., D.P.H.

Deputy:

G. H. GIBSON, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

Assistants:

W. Dodd, M.D., Ch.B., M.R.C.P. (res. 25.6.42.)

A. M. ROBERTSON, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

T. P. EVANS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

(Also M.O.H. Urban Districts of Beaconsfield and Chesham).

*A. M. CRITCHLEY, M.D., CH.B., D.P.H.

(Also M.O.H. Borough of Buckingham and Urban District of Bletchley). J. T. C. Sims-Roberts, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (Barrister-at-Law). (Also M.O.H. Borough and Rural District of Aylesbury).

(*Serving with H.M. Forces, Sept., 1939.)

Tuberculosis Officer:

. L. T. BURRA, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Mental Deficiency Officer:

H. V. ADAMS.

Senior Dental Surgeon:

E. KEW, L.D.S.

Supervisor of Midwives:

MISS M. F. WEBB.

Assistant Supervisor of Midwives:

MISS D. E. BLACKMORE.

Supervisor of Infant Welfare Centres:

MRS. G. W. TURNBULL.

County Council Nurses:

MISS F. ROSE.

MISS H. M. LYAL.

MISS T. STUBBS.

MISS E. A. MEAKINS.

MISS L. S. RAWLINS.

Miss M. Griffin. Miss M. Burdett.

MISS G. E. DOUBLEDAY.

MISS D. TANTON.

MISS A. E. BOLTON.

MISS A. PLANT.

Home Teachers of the Blind:

MISS E. R. BRAIN (res. 31.5.42.)

MISS A. HAMILTON.

MISS E. BRANSON (app. 22.6.42.)

MISS K. RUTLEDGE.

Clerical Staff:

H. H. YEA, Chief Clerk.

H. BENTLEY.

MISS M. POLLARD.

MISS M. BALDWIN.

MISS B. M. SYRETT.

Mr. P. J. CLARKE*.

MR. A. NORTH*.

MR. F. J. MITCHELL.

MR. L. HOWARD*.

MR. D. CAUDREY*.

MISS B. JENKS.

Miss M. Bridger (app. 16.3.42.)

MR. A. GAUSDEN*.

MR. W. MAYS (res. 17.10.42.)

*Serving with H.M. Forces.

(b) Part-time Officers of the Authority and others discharging duties for the Authority:—

Medical Officers-Maternity and Child Welfare:

DR. N. L. LEVERKUS, M.D., B.SC.

DR. EVELYNE SUMMERS, M.B., CH.B.

DR. VICTORIA SMALLPEICE, M.D.

Consulting Obstetricians:

C. B. BAXTER, O.B.E., M.D., CH.B.

V. J. F. LACK, F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., F.C.O.G.

D. M. W. MAXWELL, B.A., M.B., CH.B.

F. W. G. NASH, F.R.C.S., M.C.O.G.

A. R. WATSON, M.B., CH.B.

Public Analyst:

MR. ERIO VOELCKER, F.I.C., A.R.C.S.

Bacteriologist :

DR. A. G. R. MATTICK, National Institute for Research in Dairying.

Chief Inspector Weights and Measures: T. H. Jenks.

Temporary War Time Appointments:

Dr. J. C. Ronaldson, Asst. Medical Officer (North Bucks), Dr. H. Simmons, Asst. Medical Officer.

DR. M. GRAHAM, Asst. Medical Officer (app. 4.8.42),

DR. MARJORIE NORRIS, War Time Nurseries,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my report on the health and sanitary circumstances of the County for the year 1942.

It is a very brief and in many ways incomplete report of the work of your Committee and gives no indication of the difficulties under which your officers and staff have operated. These difficulties, which need not be stressed, relate in the main to shortages of staff in all grades and the lack of well-qualified officers for posts needing specialised knowledge.

It is gratifying, nevertheless, to note that in spite of war-time difficulties, permanent improvements have been made during the year in the health faciliies available to the inhabitants of the county, particularly by the opening of Colinswood Maternity Home, Saunderton Sanatorium, and the new venereal diseases clinic in connection with the Royal Bucks Hospital.

The war-time nurseries and emergency maternity homes need much detailed supervision, but have continued to fulfil their function satisfactorily.

One other development must not pass without note, and that is the steadily increasing co-operation between the Regional Hospital Council and the Local Authorities concerned. There is no doubt that both bodies have an important role to play, and it is encouraging to note the increasing goodwill on both sides in this region, particularly in view of the publicity that has been given to alleged differences between the voluntary and municipal hospitals.

My thanks, Mr. Chairman, are due to you and to all the members of the Committee for the sympathetic way you have received much new and difficult matter brought forward by me and for the help I have received from members of the Committee.

Finally, I am glad to be able to place on record once again my appreciation of the work of the staff, which has, as always, been most satisfactory.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

G. W. H. TOWNSEND,

County Medical Officer.

County Health Department, County Offices, Aylesbury.

SECTION A.—GENERAL STATISTICS FOR THE COUNTY.

			•
Area of the County—479,360 acres.			• •
Populations:—			
Registrar-General's figure for 1942			OH0 000
1931 Census		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
No. of inhabited houses (1931)	•••••	••••••	271,565
No. of families or separate occupiers (Census,	1091\	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			71,013
Rateable value (1st April, 1942)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		£2,547,028
Sum ropresented by a penny rate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		£10,102
1942.		19	11.
Births— M. F. TOTAL.	M.	F.	TOTAL
	2,375	2,273	4,648
Illegitimate 153 118 271	139	117	256
Total 3,005 2,785 5,790	. 2,514	2,390	4,904
Birth-rate—	1940	1941	1942
Urban Districts (per 1,000)	. 14.0	12.5	16.1
Rural Districts .,	. 12.4	11.5	14.7
County ,,		12.04	
England and Wales ,,	. 14.6	14.2	15.8
Still-births (rate per 1,000 total births)	. 32.9	28.3	26.9
Deaths from all causes—			
Urban Districts 1,757 Death-rate	. 11.1	9.6	9.1
Rural Districts 2,026 Death-rate		10.9	10.9
Total for County 3,783 Death-rate		10.3	10.5
England and Wales Death-rate		12.9	11.6
	. 11.0	12.0	11.0
Infant Mortality Rate—	40 5	20.0	94.77
Urban Districts (per 1,000 births)		$38.9 \\ 42.9$	34.7 32.8
Q		45.0	· 33.8
England and Wales		59.0	49.0
England and wates	. 55.0	55,0	40.0
The Infant Mortality Rate among illegitimate			
children in the County for 1942 was 77, as compared			
with 63.3 in 1941 and 60.1 in 1940.			,
No. of women dying in, or in from sepsis	['] 6	4	1
consequence of child-birth \(\) from other causes	7	17	9
Deaths from—			
Measles	6	7	1
Whooping Cough	ő	28	4
Diphtheria	Õ	0	6
<u>*</u>	v		
Principal cause of death:— Heart Disease	954	958	970
Cancer	572	618	462
Bronchitis	308	236	165
Pnoumonia	229	253	164
Influenza	68	233 74	31
Tuberculosis—Pulmonary	114) 15		
Other forms	$\binom{114}{32}$ 146 $\binom{16}{3}$	$[\frac{55}{37}]_{192}^{192}$	$\binom{12}{26}$ 138
Outor torms	J=) (• ,	
Total deaths from all causes	4,190	4,192	3,783
			==

SECTION B.—GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

(i) LABORATORY FACILITIES.

There has been no important change in the laboratory arrangements during the year, details of which were set out in the Report for 1940.

(ii) AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

The transport facilities referred to in the Report for 1940 have remained substantially the same. In certain instances the W.V.S. organisation has co-operated in this service, and Civil Defence ambulances have been extensively used in certain areas.

(iii) HOSPITAL FACILITIES.

There is nothing further to add since the Report for 1941.

(iv) PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INSTITUTIONS

The following statement shows the number of sick persons chargeable to the County through the Public Assistance Committee on 31st March, 1943:—

	-	Ien.	Wo	men.	- Chil	ldren.	T	otal
In County Institutions	190	(236)	288	(301)	71	(56)	549	(593)
In Institutions outside the County			2	` <u> </u>	_	_	3	(1)
Relieved in Special Institutions	14	(14)	36	(32)	4	(5)	54	(51)
Persons of unsound mind maintained				, ,				, ,
in Mental Hospitals	334	(336)	441	(448)	_	_	775	(784)
In receipt of outdoor medical relief								

The figures in brackets indicate the numbers on the same date in the previous year.

(v) MENTAL DEFICIENCY.

County Institutions.—There has been no significent change in the arrangements as set out in the report for last year.

Non-County Institutions.—Cases maintained in non-county institutions again shew a slight increase, the number being 67 as against 61 for the previous year.

Nine deaths occurred during the year among the certified patients.

Five patients, three male and two female, were discharged from their orders of detention.

The following table shows the number of cases on the register on 31st December, 1942:—

-	Male.	Female.	Total.
In certified institutions	161	218	379
On licence from institutions	13	22	35
Under Guardianship Orders	2 9	41	70
Under Statutory Supervision	119	90	209
Under Voluntary Supervision	74	56	130
Under Supervision on behalf of the Educa-			
tion Committee	- 46	24	70
Children in Special Schools	15	12	27
Public Assistance cases in receipt of Indoor			
Relief	• 9	5	14
Outdoor Relief	19	11	30
In County Mental Hospital	52	35	87
Reported from reliable sources but no action			
vet taken	19	14	33
•			
	556	528	1,084

The Bucks Voluntary Association for the Care of the Mentally Defective continues to assist in the supervision of all known cases of mental defect living in their homes, the visitors' reports being submitted quarterly and carefully checked by the appropriate Committees.

Home training is also arranged in certain cases and 25 defectives were regularly receiving tuition by nine part-time home teachers.

The occupation centre at Slough has completed its first year, and there are now 22 children in attendance. Much good work has been done, and the happiness of the children is reflected in the improvement shown, and by their eagerness to attend. The children are supplied with a hot mid-day meal on the same terms as those applying to the elementary school children.

(vi) WELFARE OF THE BLIND.

The arrangements for the relief of the Blind on behalf of the County Council by the Bucks Association for the Blind continue to work satisfactorily.

In the financial year ended 31st March, 1943, domiciliary grants paid to necessitous blind persons amounted to £5,707 14s. 0d.

From the Annual Report of the Association for the year ended 31st March, 1943,

the following extracts are made:-

The number of registered blind persons shows a slight decrease. On March 31st, 1943, there were 392 registered blind in the County, as compared with 393 in the previous year. The great majority are over middle age—302 being over the age of 50 years.

The ages of the blind population are shown in the following table:—

Under 1 year		65—70 years 43
1— 5 years		Over 70 years 159
5—16 years	9	Age unknown 4
16—21 years	5	
21—40 years	36	
40—50 years .,	36	392
50—65 years	100	

Four persons are in homes for the blind, 4 in mental hospitals, and 15 in public assistance institutions.

The approved Home Workers numbered 25 at the end of March, 1943. These Home Workers continue under the general supervision of the Royal London Society for Teaching and Training the Blind, and the Home Teachers also help by arranging sales of work.

In all, 53 blind persons are usefully employed, and four are under training. The

employments followed are:-

oymin to rollow the time.			
Basket makers	11	Labourers	2
Boot repairers	4	Farmers and poultry farmers	3
Agents and shopkeepers	5	Teachers	1
Knitters (hand and machine)		Tuners	
Music teacher	1	Telephonists	1
Woodworker			9
Typist			

The Association continues to co-operate with the British Wireless for the Blind Fund, and assists in the maintenance of the sets. During the year £91 4s. 7d. was expended in providing new batteries, and for repairs and replacements of parts.

The Home Teachers carry out the duties of giving instruction in the homes of blind persons in Braille, Moon and several handicrafts. The total number of visits paid was 6,062, this number including 859 visits to evacuated blind persons.

(vii) MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

This section of the Report, in so far as it deals with the midwifery services and registered nursing homes, refers to the whole administrative County. The Borough of High Wycombe is a separate Maternity and Child Welfare Authority, and details of its child welfare work will be included in the Report of the Medical Officer of the Borough.

(a) Midwifery Services.—The number of midwives who notified their intention
to practice was 205. Of this number, 135 were domiciliary midwives, 63 institutional,
and 7 acted in a temporary capacity.

The number of cases attended by midwives was as follows:—

	1940.	1941.	1942.
Cases attended as midwives	1,952	2,117	2,303
Cases attended as maternity nurses	1,713	2,107	2,141

In accordance with the rules of the Central Midwives Board, notifications were received from midwives during the year, as follows:—

Notices of sending for medical aid ... 661 (555 mothers). (106 infants).

Still births34Deaths of mothers2Deaths of infants32

During the year the supervisor of Midwives made 398 visits of inspection to midwives.

The following is a summary of work carried out during the year in connection with the Evacuation Scheme:—

(b) Registered Nursing Homes. — The County Council exercises the powers under the Public Health Act, 1936, over the whole County, and has not delegated its powers to-any District Council.

The following particulars are given of action taken during 1942:—	
1. No. of applications for registration	7
2. No. of homes registered	7
3. No. of orders made refusing or cancelling registration	1
4. No. of appeals made against such orders	
5. No. of cases in which such orders have been	
(a) confirmed on appeal, and	—
(b) withdrawn	
(c) refused	

A list of Registered Nursing Homes in the County is set out in Section F (b) of this Report.

(c) Infant Welfare Centres.—The following table shows the attendances at the 60 infant welfare centres during the year. The figures in brackets relate to the year 1941:—

Evacuation

•			Sc	heme	
No. of times Centres opened	1,522	(1,533)	214	(377)	
No. of children under 1 year who atten-					
ded at least once	5,875	(5,670)	424	(1,455)	
No. of children between 1-5 years who					
attended at least once	6,741	(6,948)	690	(1,622)	
No. of attendances of children under					
head (ii)	30,704	(25,847)	1,675	(4,952)	
	19,872	(21,115)	1,728	(3,795)	
No. of mothers who attended at least					
once					
	45,719	(42,318)	2,608	(8,785)	
		i			
No. of attendances under head (viii)	696	(842)	27 8	(489)	
	No. of children under 1 year who attended at least once	No. of children under 1 year who attended at least once	No. of children under 1 year who attended at least once	No. of times Centres opened	No. of children under 1 year who attended at least once 5,875 (5,670) 424 (1,455) No. of children between 1-5 years who attended at least once 6,741 (6,948) 690 (1,622) No. of attendances of children under head (ii) 30,704 (25,847) 1,675 (4,952) No. of attendances of children under head (iii) 19,872 (21,115) 1,728 (3,795) No. of mothers who attended at least once 10,069 (10,473) 996 (2,661) No. of expectant mothers who attended at least once 45,719 (42,318) 2,608 (8,785) No. of expectant mothers who attended at least once 246 (374) 86 (179)

Appendix (c) at the end of the Report gives details of the Centres,

- (d) Milk Assistance Scheme.—As indicated in the Report for 1940, the Ministry of Health had introduced a scheme for a supply of liquid milk. Only a small amount of dried milk has been issued through infant welfare centres.
- (e) Dental Treatment, Expectant and Nursing Mothers.—The dental treatment of expectant and nursing mothers and infants up to 5 years of age continued to be carried out by private dental practitioners whose charges for the work are based upon lines similar to the dental benefit provided by approved societies under the National Health Insurance Act.

The following shows the numbers who received treatment:-

	1940	1941	1942
Expectant and Nursing Mothers	39	48	53
Infants up to 5 years of age	4	5	1

(f) Health Visiting.—The County Council employs 12 whole time Health Visitors and by arrangement with Voluntary Nursing Associations is enabled to have the services of 85 District Nurses. During the year arrangements were made to take over the majority of the health visiting in the Slough area from the District Nursing Association, and an additional health visitor was appoined in August for this purpose, as well as to assist in other activities of the Public Health and Housing Committee.

The following table shows the visits paid during 1942:-

	First Visits.	Total Visits.
Expectant Mothers	2,001	14,716
Children under 1 year of age	2,829	13,227
Children between 1-5 years of age		22,488

(g) Maternity Accommodation.—During the year under review the demand for maternity accommodation in the County was very great and difficulty was experienced in providing the required facilities, particularly in the mid and south parts of the County. Owing to inability to obtain suitable staff the Putnam House authorities intimated that they could not accept County cases after 30th June, 1942, and to meet this loss of accommodation, arrangements were established with the Charing Cross Hespital for the admission of cases to their maternity unit at Ashridge.

In co-operation with the hospital authority, excellent arrangements were made at Chesham for ante-natal examination work in connection with cases admitted to Ashridge.

In addition, the County Council purchased, equipped and staffed premises known as Colinswood at Farnham Common, and this Maternity Home was opened for the reception of cases in December, 1942. The Home will provide for 18 cases and 2 isolation beds. It is interesting to record that this is the first Maternity Home controlled solely by the County Council, and there is every indication that the venture will be a success.

The following table shows the number of County maternity cases admitted during 1942 to Institutions with whom the County Council have arrangements:—

	No. of Cases
	Admited.
Mid Bucks Maternity Home, Aylesbury	64
Royal Bucks Hospital, Aylesbury	48
Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford	45
County Hospital, Bedford	11
Municipal Maternity Home, High Wycombe	96
Maternity Home, Slough	16
Barratt Maternity Home, Northampton	114
Royal Berkshire Hospital, Reading	15
West Herts Hospital, Hemel Hempstead	
Charing Cross, Ashridge	91
Colinswood,	5

- (h) Emergency Maternity Homes.—There has been no change in the provision of Emergency Maternity Homes during 1942, and the following institutions were in operation:-

 - Shardeloes, Amersham.
 The Grange, High Wycombe (up to 30th September, 1942).
 East End Maternity Hospital, Tyringham.

Ante-natal and Post-natal residences have also been established to operate in conjunction with the Emergency Maternity Homes.

The following is a brief summary of the cases admitted during 1942:-

			East End M.		
			Home. e. Tyringham		
No	. of Births:	178	544 .	700	
,,	of Admissions	179	595	736	
"	Still-Births:	(1.7%	11 (2%	23	(3.2% of total).
		of total).	of total).		
,,	Breech Presentations:	_	13	7	(1.0% of total).
,,	Ante-partum haemorrh	iage: —	- 9	9	(1.29% of total).
,,	Post-partum haemorrha	ige: 1	33	15	(2.1% of total).
,,	Caesarian section:	_	_	4	(.57% of total).
21	Forceps Deliveries:	2	22	43	(6.14% of total).
,,	Twins:	1,	6	4	(.57% of total).
,,	Neo-Natal Deaths	4	7	6	(.9% of total).
,,	Maternal Deaths:	_	1	_	

(viii) War-Time Nurseries.

Only a brief reference was made in last year's report to this matter. Good progress has, however, been made since the establishment of the War-Time Nurseries Committee in July, 1941. The provision of this type of nursery is naturally confined to those areas where industrial interests are greatest. The following table gives the establishment of nurseries at 31st Decembr, 1942.

establishment of hurseries at 31st Decen	1101, 1272.	3.7	
		No. on	Average monthly
Name of Nursery. A	accommodation.	Register.	Attendance
Walton Cottage, Aylesbury	42	45	34
Fairmile, Turnfurlong, Aylesbury	40	41	16
Beech Green, Southcourt, Aylesbury	40	27	22
Rover Hut Longwick Road, Princes			
Risborough		14	11
Henry Allen Nursery, Amersham	44	46	22
Masonic Hall, Marlow	25	30	13
Social Centre War-time Nursery, Slough		25	14
Baylis Court Nursery, Slough		47	15
ý, č			Open July/42
Cippenham Day Nursery, Slough	30	32	19
			Taken over by
			B.C.C. Dec./42
	316	307	18.5

SECTION C.—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

- (i) Water Supply. (ii) Drainage and Swerage. (iii) Housing.
- (i) Water Supply.—A full statement was given in the Report for 1940, and it is not proposed to make any further review for the year under consideration.
- (ii) Drainage and Sewerage. (iii) Housing.—In view of the conditions prevailing in war-time it is proposed to comment on these questions in later reports.

SECTION D.—INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(i) Food and Drugs.

The Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures submits the following Report for 1942:—

During the year 1,304 samples of food and drugs were taken, of which 140 were found to be adulterated or unsatisfactory in other respects.

The number of samples submitted to the Public analyst was 453, 91 of which were reported against. Of the remaining 846, 841 consisted of milk samples and 5 of spirit samples tested by the Inspectors in the Department's laboratory. Of the 453 samples sent to the Public Analyst, 72 consisted of milk, 53 suspected of adulteration, while the remaining 19 were the consequential "follow-up" samples, i.e., taken on "appeal to cows" or "in course of delivery."

In addition to the above, 521 informal samples of milk were taken on delivery to schools in accordance with the arrangements for the supervision of the milk under the "Milk in Schools Scheme." Five of these were slightly deficient in fat, due to bad "bulking" on the part of the vendors, and warnings were given.

Samples of milk and foodstuffs were taken on behalf of the Public Assistance Committee and the various institutions in the County; at the Mental Hospital and Manor House and on behalf of hospitals and London County Council educational establishments.

Offences against the Food and Drugs Act continued to show an upward trend. The shortages of fruit juices and sugar was reflected by the activities of a large number of so-called "cordial" manufacturers who saw in the shortage an easy means of making money. These concoctions usually consisted of 97 to 99% water, some citric or tartaric acid, flavouring and dye. In some cases they were sold at a higher price than genuine cordials.

Imitation "tonic wines" also appeared on the scene and concoctions costing about one penny per bottle to manufacture were sold for as much as 5s. 6d. In the case of two so-called "wines," proceedings were taken under the Merchandise Marks Act.

One interesting case related to a sample of "Onion Juice," which the Public Analyst reported was practically all water; it was at any rate only equivalent to a liquid obtained by soaking one medium-sized onion in a gallon of water.

Thirteen cases of milk adulteration were all successfully prosecuted, one case being dismissed. In addition, one dairyman was convicted for obstruction after refusing to sell a sample to an Inspector.

In all, 63 cases were prosecuted, the total fines and costs amounting to £1,065 1s. 6d. This is easily a record. 2 defendants were also sentenced to one month's imprisonment. 5 summonses were dismissed, 2 of these being in connection with the presence of arsenic, lead, zinc and copper sulphate in a "Table Cream." The amount of arsenic in this preparation was considerably in excess of the standard recommended by the Royal Commission on Arsenical Poisoning in 1903. The defence that the amount was not harmful was accepted by the Justices. The result of this case, coupled with the fact that the defendants were convicted in an adjoining County, points to the necessity for statutory effect to be given to the Royal Commission's recommendaions, and for limits being fixed for harmful metallic contaminations of all kinds.

Prosecutions were also taken under the Merchandise Marks Act in connection with the sale of so-called disinfectant which had no disinfecting value, convictions being obtained in 5 cases.

(ii) Food and Drugs Act, Part II. (Milk and Dairies Orders).

297 samples of milk taken mainly at places of production were submitted for microscopical examination and animal innoculation test, the number of cows involved totalling 5,323. A further 518 similar samples were taken on delivery to schools in connection with the supervision of the Milk in Schools Scheme. As a result of all this sampling, 26 cows were slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order, while statutory notices were served on the owners of 173 cows suffering from scheduled diseases and whose milk was unfit for human consumption.

The number of producers licensed to use a special designation during the year was 224 (146 "Accredited" and 78 "Tuberculin Tested"). Eighteen licensees relinquished their licences through removal or other causes, and 4 were revoked. 14 licences were suspended for various periods.

799 sampls were taken from licensed producers, 179 of which failed to pass the prescribed test. In addition 42 pre-licence "cheque" samples were taken.

The number of complaints from other local authorities was 8, viz., Middlesex County Council 3, Herts County Council 4, and L.C.C. 1. As a result of investigation into these cases, 4 tuberculous cows were subsequently slaughtered.

The total number of cows giving tubercular milk slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order during the year was therefore 30.

SECTION E.—PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

(i) Apart from the usual incidence of seasonal cases of infectious disease, it is gratifying to record that there has been no outbreak on which any comment is required.

The table at the end of this Report (Section F(f)) gives the number of cases of infectious diseases notified in urban and rural districts.

In May, 1942, the Ministry of Health issued the Scabies Order, 1941, which suggested that the local medical officers of health should be responsible for securing the requisite inspections, cleansing and treatment of affected persons. A conference of medical officers of health was held to ensure smooth working of the arrangements. The County Council have arranged to provide institutional treatment accommodation where required and the full-time County Council Nurses give what assistance they can in other ways.

ii) Vaccinations.

The County is divided into 61 vaccination districts in which 48 Public Vaccinators are employed. Public Vaccinators are also appointed for the Council's Public Assistance Institutions.

The Registrar General requires two returns to be submitted to him annually, one in respect of successful primary vaccinations and re-vaccinations performed by Public Vaccinators and Medical Officers of Public Assistance Institutions, and the other in respect of the vaccinations of children whose births were registered in the previous year. These returns are summarised as follows for 1942:—

	No. of successful mary Vaccination	ns.	No. of successful re-vaccinations of persons who had been successfully vaccinated at some previous time.
Under one year of age.	One year and upwards.	Total.	
1,080	231	1,311	271

(iii) Diphtheria Immunisation.

Good progress has been made in this matter, and in most instances local authorities have made efforts to secure the immunisation of cases in their area. The table (h) in Section F set out at the end of this Report gives an indication of the work carried out

during the year in the various districts.

During 1942 welfare centres have co-operated as far as possible with local authorities in effecting immunisation of children under 5 years of age. During the year 3,305 children were immunised, as compared with 3,063 in 1941. This number has for the most part been included in the first column of the table referred to above, which reveals that 3,870 children under 5 years of age have received a full course of immunisation.

(iv) Cancer.

The Council have not yet provided any special facilities in the County for the treatment of cancer, neither have they entered into any agreemnt with other local authorities or voluntary bodies for this purpose.

(v) Venereal Diseases.

For the treatment of venereal diseases the Bucks County Council is a participating authority in the London and Home Counties Scheme and has the advantage of the facilities provided at the clinics of 18 large general and special hospitals in London. In addition, excellent facilities are provided by arrangement with the General Hospital, Northampton, and the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford.

In October, 1942, the County Council completed negotiations with the authorities of the Royal Bucks Hospital for the establishment of a venereal diseases clinic at the out-patients' department. The clinic is in charge of Dr. G. H. Gibson, Deputy County Medical Officer, who attends on Mondays and Thursdays for treatment of males and females at two separate sessions on both days. It is hoped to establish a further clinic at Windsor to serve the southern part of the County.

The following table shows the work carried out in 1942, including the Aylesbury

Centre:—							A 1-
	Lond	lon.	Nortl	ants.	Oxf	ord.	Ayles- bury.
	1941.	1942.	1941.	1942.	1941.	1942.	1942.
No. of new patients	144	197	19	19	24	17	46
Total no. of attendances	1,943	2,241	327	102	492	272	192
Total no. of in-patient days	449	486	<u> </u>	_	12	37	_
Pathological Specimens:—							
At Centres—							
Detection of Spirochactes	14	_	7	1	_	_	1
" " Gonococci	686	436	38	23	38	31	112
" Wasserman Reaction	289	324	32	21	42	39	112*
Others	288	458	2	4	8	_	15
For practitioners—							
Detection of Spirochaetes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
", ", Gonococci	14	40	_	_	_	_	_
" Wasserman Reaction	85*	309	_	_	_	_	_
Others	, 83	259	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} Includes 17 specimens sent up for examination to St. Thomas's Hospital from the County Health Department.

For many years the British Social Hygiene Council has been responsible for carrying out propaganda work in connection with venereal diseases, but in April of this year the Central Council for Health Education took over this branch of work and incorporated it with their general scheme for the advancement of health education. The Central Council is a very active organisation, and every advantage will be taken of the facilities they provide in promoting knowledge of health education in the County.

Tuberculosis.

This is another matter to which the Ministry of Health have been paying particular attention during 1942, and in December they issued a Circular and Memorandum on the subject of mass miniature radiography and maintenance allowances for persons undergoing treatment for pulmonary tuberculosis. This is obviously a big question and fuller reference to it will be made in the Report for 1943.

In order to provide further urgently required accommodation for the treatment of tuberculosis the Ministry of Health agreed that the premises at Saunderton, reserved for many years for small-pox purposes, could be used for cases of tuberculosis. Arrangements were accordingly made towards the end of 1941 for necessary structural alterations to be made, the appointment of medical and nursing staff and the provision of the necessary furniture and equipment. A Sub-Committee was appointed and the Saunderton Sanatorium was opened for twenty cases on 23rd September, 1942

Notification.—165 notifications of pulmonary and 71 non-pulmonary were received during 1942, as compared with 149 and 55 for 1941.

Deaths.—There were 138 deaths from tuberculosis in 1942, as compared with 192 in 1941.

In connection with treatment by artificial pneumathorax, X-Ray examinations are now considered essential, so that for the diagnosis of doubtful cases and for "A.P." cases X-Ray examinations become more and more frequent. The excellent results obtained by the Radiographers at the Royal Bucks Hospital and Wycombe War Memorial Hospital have been of the greatest assistance, and the co-operation of the Hospital Staffs is much appreciated by the Tuberculosis Officer. For cases in the north of the County the Northampton Borough Council have kindly consented to their Tuberculosis Officer making any necessary X-Ray examination, and his help has been very valuable, as has that of the Radiologist at the Chalfont Hospital and at Chesham Cottage Hospital.

Examinations of specimens of sputum, etc., are made free of charge for practitioners in the County. During the year 528 specimens were examined, in 90 of which

tubercle bacilli were found, the other 438 giving a negative result.

As in recent years the majority of cases of tubercle of bones and joints have been sent direct to the Orthopaedic Clinics. It is hoped that such cases will get fewer in

proportion to the elimination of bovine sources of infection.

Without the goodwill and help of medical practitioners throughout the County, it would be impossible to get into touch with the cases of tuberculosis, and the Tuberculosis Officer would once more acknowledge with thanks their co-operation.

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY, 1942.

		New	CASES.			DEA	THS.	
Age Periods.	Pulmo	onary.	No Pulm	n- onary.	Pulmo	onary.	No Pulmo	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
0— 1 1— 5		 2	 5	1 3			4 3	6 5
5—10 10—15	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	12	3 8	39	31	1	5
15—20	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\25\\30\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 7 \\ 14 \\ 19 \end{array}$	3 4 5	1 6 5	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \prime \\ 24 \end{array} \right.$	7		2
35—45	18 12 6	8 2 	2	5 2	7	4		•••
65 and upwards Totals	166	$\frac{4}{59}$	37	34	70	42	8	18

SECTION F.—TABLES, ETC.

(a) LIST OF SANITARY AUTHORITIES.

District.	Medical Officer of Health.
URBAN DISTRICTS.	<i>"</i> '
Aylesbury, Borough of	J. T. C. Sims Roberts, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H., Barrister at Law.
Beaconsfield	T. P. Evans, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Bletchley	A. MICHAEL CRITCHLEY, M.D., CH.B., D.P.H.*
Buckingham, Borough	
of	A. MICHAEL CRITCHLEY, M.D., CH.B., D.P.H.*
Chesham	T. P. Evans, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
Eton	V. A. T. Spong M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Linslade	M. C. ROTHCOPE, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Marlow	F. H. P. WILLS, L.M.S.S.A.
Newport Pagnell	C. H. F. BAILEY, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Slough	V. A. T. Spong M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Stratford & Wolverton	D. W. A. Bull, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Wycombe, Borough of .	W. B. Moore, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.
RURAL DISTRICTS.	
Amersham	H. England, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Aylesbury	J. T. C. Sims Roberts, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Barrister at Law.
Buckingham	G. B. Pearson, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (died 29.12.42).
Eton	V. A. T. Spong M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Newport Pagnell	C. H. F. BAILEY, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Wing	W. H. SQUARE, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.
Winslow	A. E. LEAPINGWELL, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Wycombo	F. H. P. WILLS, L.M.S.S.A.
	erving in H.M. Forces.

(b) REGISTERED NURSING HOMES.

	Name and Address.	Description.
Амегенам	Tenterdon, Chestnut Close.	Maternity or Medical.
AYLESBURY	"Rosser," 31, Tindal Road.	Surgical, Medical. Aged, Infirm.
Beaconsfield	The Kinellan Nursing Home, Penn Road.	Maternity, Medical, Acute Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
,,	St. Joseph's Home.	Maternity, Acute Surgical, Medical or Minor Surgical, Aged,
BLETCHLEY	Red House Bungalow, High Street.	Infirm. Maternity.
CHALFONT ST. GILES	Berndory, Burton's Lane.	Ear, Nose and Throat.
CHALFONT ST. PETER	Roshana.	Medical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
Сневнам	The Cottage, Amy Lane.	Aged, Infirm.
DATCHET	Holmcroft,	Maternity, Medical,
,, ., .,	The Old Bridgo House.	Surgical, Aged, Infirm. Mcdical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
DRAYTON HOLLOWAY	Drayton Holloway, nr. Tring.	1 Convalescent.
FARNHAM COMMON	"Daneby," Green Lane.	Maternity, Medical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
Fulmer	Fulmer Chase and Fircroft, Stoke Common.	Maternity. (For wives of efficers in Forces.)
GERRARDS CROSS	Chalfonts Nursing Home.	Maternity, Acute Surgical, Medical or Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
,,	Sandygate, Fulmer Road.	Maternity.
,,	Lyncroft, Pack Horse Road.	Medical, Minor Sur- gical, Aged, Infirm.
HIGH WYCOMBE		Maternity, Surgical.
,,	St. George's, 123, London Road.	Medical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
,,	Sefton, 113, Tottcridge Road.	Medical, Minor Surgi- cal, Maternity, Acute Surgical, Aged In- firm.

(b) REGISTERED NURSING HOMES (Continuea).

	NAME AND ADDRESS.	Description.
LANGLEY	The Moat House.	Mental, Nerve.
,	Heathlands, 262, High Street.	Chronie, Medieal or Minor Surgieal, Aged and Infirm.
LEE COMMON	Laurel Villa.	Medical, Aged, Infirm.
Marlow	The Berkeley Nursing Home.	Maternity, Medical, Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
Mursley	Riehmond Lodge.	Medical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm, Convalescent, Mater
NEWPORT PAGNELL	Tykeford Abbey Nursing Home.	nity. Mental, Maternity or Surgical.
,,	Tyringham Nursing Home.	Surgical, Medieal, Aged, Infirm.
OLNEY	. 90, High Street.	1 Maternity.
Prestwood	The White House	Medical, Minor Surgical.
SLOUGH	Heathfield Nursing Home, Heathfield, Uxbridge Villas, Uxbridge Road.	Aged, Infirm.
,,	Parkside Nursing Home, Upland Court Road.	Maternity, Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
,,	The Nursing Home, Burlington Road.	Maternity.
STOKE POGES	Fulmer Grange.	Medical, Minor Surgical, Aged, Infirm.
Wendover	Red House.	Maternity, Medieal or Minor Surgieal, Aged, Infirm.

(c) INFANT WELFARE CENTRES.

NAME OF CENTRE.	SITUATE.	By whom Provided.
Avennavias	C4 Michael's IIall	Voluntary Committee
AMERSHAM	St. Michael's Hall British Legion Hall	Voluntary Committee Voluntary Committee
CHESHAM BOIS	, and the second	
AYLESBURY	The Clinic, Pebble Lane	County Council
BEACONSFIELD	The Old Rectory	Voluntary Committee
BLEDLOW AND DISTRICT	The Memorial Hall	County Council
BLETCHLEY	School Clinic	Voluntary Committee
BOURNE END	Red Lion Hotel	Voluntary Committee
Bradwell	Methodist Church School Room	County Council
	Working Men's Institute	Voluntary Committee
Buckingham	Congregational Schoolroom	Voluntary Committee
BURNHAM	Lent Rise Hall	Voluntary Committee
CHALFONT ST. GILES	First Aid Post, Hill House, Deanway	Voluntary Committee
CHALFONT ST. PETER	Hospital Hut	Voluntary Committee
CHARTRIDOE AND THE LEE	Reading Room,	
	Chartridge	Voluntary Committee
CHENIES	23, Brushwood Drive, Chorley Wood	Voluntary Committee
Снезнам	The Clinic, Germain St.	Voluntary Committee
CIPPENHAM	Central Hall	Voluntary Committee
DATCHET	Working Men's Club	Voluntary Committee
Downley	Memorial Hall	Voluntary Committee
Ellesborouoh	Village Hall	Voluntary Committee
ETON	College Arms, High St.	Voluntary Committee
ETON WICK	Chapel Hall	Voluntary Committee
FARNHAM ROYAL	The Village Hall,	Voluntary Committee
ST. MICHAEL'S, FARNHAM		
ROYAL	Slough Social Centre	Voluntary Committee
FLACKWELL HEATH	Temperance Hall	Voluntary Committee
FRIETH	Village Institute	Voluntary Committee
GERRARDS CROSS		Voluntary Committee
Langley		Voluntary Committee
GREAT HAMPDEN	1 111511 1100111	County Council
GREAT MISSENDEN	and charge recom	Voluntary Committee
Horton	1	Voluntary Committee
HOLMER GREEN	1	Voluntary Committee
IVER	-10 1111080 11011	County Council
IVINGHOE & DISTRICT		Voluntary Committee
KIMBLE	The state of the s	
LACEY GREEN		County Council
LANE END		Voluntary Committee
LAVENDON	The George Club Room	Voluntary Committee

(c) INFANT WELFARE CENTRES (Continued).

NAME OF CENTRE.	SITUATE.	By WHOM PROVIDED.
LINSLADE	Forster Institute	Voluntary Committee
Long Crendon	The Old Court House	Voluntary Committee
LOUDWATER	Village Hall	Voluntary Committee
MARLOW	Public Library	Voluntary Committee
NAPIIILL	Memorial Hall	Voluntary Committee
NEWFORT PAGNELL	73, High Stroet	County Council
OLNEY	Church Hall	Voluntary Committee
PRESTWOOD & GREAT	Memorial Hall, Prestw'd	Voluntary Committee
Princes Risborough		Voluntary Committee
QUAINTON	Memorial Hall	Voluntary Committee
RICHINGS PARK	Church Room	Voluntary Committee
SEER GREEN & JORDANS	Baptist School Room	Voluntary Committee
SLOUGH	Health Centre	Voluntary Committee
STOKENCHURCH	Welfare Hut	Voluntary Committee
STOKE POGES	The Village Hall	Voluntary Committee
STONY STRATFORD	Church Hall	Voluntary Committee
TYLERS GREEN	Village Hall	Voluntary Committee
Waddesdon	Reading Room	Voluntary Committee
Wendover	British Legion Hall	Voluntary Committee
Winchmore Hill	Memorial Hall	Voluntary Committee
Wing	Rothschild Hall	Voluntary Committee
Winslow	Church Hall	County Council
Woburn Sands	Tho Friends Meeting House	Voluntary Committee
WOLVERTON	Infant School	Voluntary Committee
Wooburn Green	Chapol Room, The Green	Voluntary Committee
Wraysbury	Scout Hut	Voluntary Committee

(d) BIRTH AND DEATH RATES AND INF ANT MORTALITY RATE, 1941 and 1942.

	Birth rate per 1000.	Birth rate per 1000.	Death rate	Death rate per 1000.	Mortality per 1000 bi	Infant Mortality rate per 1000 births	Phthisis death rate per 1000.	isis rate 000.	Maternal Mortality per 1000 live and stillbirths	Maternal Mortality per. 000 live and stillbirths
	1942.	1941.	1942.	1941.	1942.	1941.	1942.	1941.	1942.	1941.
Avlesbury	14.8	13.2	9.3	10.3	30.5		0.4	0.7		
Beaconsfield	11.9	10.9	10.9	7.7	23.5	41.6	0.14	0.25		
Bletchley	16.8	13.9	7.8	9.5	45.75		0.3	0.4		
Buckingham	17.07	12.8	9.4	8.9	27.03		0.46	0.5		
Chesham	17.3	10.6	11.5	8.6	14.4		0.5	0.7		
Eton	11.6	9.7	₹0.6	6.7	81.6		ij	0.45		
Linslade	10.9	9.4	10.9	11.1	30.3		9.0	Nil.		
Marlow	18.1	14.1	9.6	13.6	9.91		0 15	1.07	•	
Newbort Pagnell	15.5	10.9	15.3	12.8	59.7		6.4	0.4		
Slough	18.4	15.8	7.2	& &	40.47		0.3	9.0		•
Wolverton	11.1	9.6	12.1	13.1	12.6		0.3	9.0	•	
Wycombe	15.4	9.7	6.3	8.6	35.6		0.3	0.5		
Total Urban	1.91	12.5	9.1	9.6	34.8	38.9	0.3	0.5	1.3	3.4
Amersham	13.8	10.7	9.7	6.6	29.7	1	0.1	0.3		
Aylesbury	15.1	11.8	10.9	13.1	36.5	56.5	0.5	0.3		
Buckingham	15.7	12.2	10.2	11.1	35.0		0.5	9.0		
Eton	15.4	13.08	10.6	10.7	30.1		0.4	0.3		
Newport Pagnell	15.1	10.8	13.0	12.2	46.9		0.2	0.4		
Wing	12.1	10.6	9.91	13.8	50.5		0.3	0.3		
Winslow	13.8	9.6	11.7	12.3	90.1		0.2	0.4		
Wycombe	14.8	11.3	10.6	9.3	31.97	36.5	-0.2	0.4		
Total Rural	14.7	11.5	10.9	10.9	32.8	42.9	0.3	0.4	2.2	5 02
County	15.4	12.04	10.5	16.3	33.8	45.0	0.3	0.4	0.1.7	4.1
England and Wales	15.8	14.2	11.6	12.9	49.0	59.0			2.01	2.23
							۱			

(e) COMPARATIVE TABLE OF BIRTH, DEATH AND INFANT MORTALITY RATES FOR THE TEN YEAR PERIOD, 1933-42.

	Ď,	Вътн вт 1,000 г	BIRTH RATE per 1,000 population.	η.	P	DEATH per 1,000 p	DEATH RATE 1,000 population.	i	INF	ANT MOR per 1,000	Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 births.	CATE
Year.	Urban.	Rural.	Rural. County.	England and Wales.	Urban.	Rural.	County.	England and Wales.	Urban.	Rural.	County.	England and Wales.
1933	13.7	13.3	13.5	14.4	10.7	11.7	11.2	12.3	43	46	45	64
1934	15.4	13.8	14.4	14.8	*0.01	10.1*	11.0	11.8	43	44	44	59
1935	15.4	14.1	14.7	14.7	9.5%	*9.6	10.5	11.7	33	37	35	57
1936	15.6	13.6	14.6	14:8	10.0%	10.3*	=	12.1	42.5	47.7	44.9	59
1937	15.5	14.1	14.8	14.9	10.4*	10.3*	11.3	12.4	38.7	42.2.	40.4	58.0
1938	15.9	13.5	14.7	15.1	9.5*	10.4*	10.0	11.6	34.6	29.5	32.2	53.0
1939	1.91	14.4	15.3	15.0	*6.6	9.3*	. 10.5	12.1	39.0	38.5	38.7	20.0
1940	14.0	12.4	13.2	14.6	11.8*	*6.01	11.5	14.3	48.5	43.7	48.5	55.0
1941	12.5	11.5	12.04	14.2	9.6	10.9	10.3	12.9	38.9	42.9	45.0	59.0
1942	16.1	14.7	15.4	15.8	9.1	10.9	10.5	11.6	34.8	32.8	33.8	49.0

*Corrected for age and sex distribution.

(f) NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN URBAN AND RURAL DISTRICTS, 1942.

		ber-			Ta							نيا			Cough.	
DISTRICTS.	Pulmonary.	Other Forms.	Ophthalmia Neonatorum.	Puerperal Pyrexia.	Cerebro Spinal Fever.	Poliomyelitis	Encephalitis Lethargica.	Pneumonia.	Malaria.	Dysentery.	Smallpox.	Enteric Fever.	Diphtheria.	Scarlet Fever.	Whooping Co	Measles.
URBAN. Aylesbury Beaconsfield Bletchley Buckingham Chesham Eton Linslade Marlow Newport Pagnell Slough Wolverton Wycombe	12 3 1 2 1 4 1 2 40 5 12 83	3 2 1 1 3 8 5 12	2 1 2 4	7 1 9 1 8	3 7 2	 1 2 2 1 6		19 7 3 1 2 27 22 3 84	 1	5 2			6 3 6 2 1 5 3 5	57 20 16 5 28 13 7 5 3 64 11 55	7 16 1 2 4 12 37 1 17	204 47 18 1 8 2 59 2 180 93 20
RURAL. Amersham Aylesbury Buckingham Eton Newport Pagnell Wing	18 19 1 19 3	9 5 3 6 4	1 1 	13 2 1 16 9 2	6 5 6 	2 1 3 1		17 6 13 4 8 4	2	 4 2 16	:::	2 1 	32 6 3 2 1	46 98 15 53 21 18	81 5 6 55 8 1	102 96 11 122 7 43
Winslow Wycombe Total, Rural	$\frac{1}{10}$	1 8 36	 	5 	1 18	··· 7		$\begin{array}{c} 2\\12\\ -\end{array}$	2	22		3	6 18 68	12 102 365	37 193	45 70 496
County	155	71	11	74	30	13		150	3	29		3			290	1130

(g) CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM, 1942.

		AGGREG	REGATE C	OF UR	URBAN	DIST	DISTRICTS		AGGREGATE	EGAT	E OF	RURAL	AL D	DISTRICTS	CTS.
CAUSES OF DEATH.	Sex. All A	Il Ages.	Ţ	1-	5—	15	45-	65-	All Ages.	17	1	7	15—	45—	65—
ALL CAUSES.	Σr	872	99	15	16	89	198	485	1,038	53	91	17	82	236	634
1 Typhoid and Parat, Fevers	.Zu		₹ :	: :	: :	N ;+		n .			o :	7 :	00 :	917	040
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	ıΣı	— m c	:-	:2:	::	- :	: :	::	:-	:_:	:-	::	: :	: :	: :
Scarlet Fever	ıΣι	7 ::	: :	- :	: :	: :	- :	: :	: m	::	: :	: "	: :	: :	: :
Whooping Cough	۲∑۱	::	į :·	: :	10	: :	: :	::	: "	.:	:-	: :	::	::	: :
Diphtheria	ιZι	- 7 -	- :	:-	;-·	: :	: :	::	:-	: :	:-	: :	: :	: :	: :
Tuberculosis of Resp.	ıΣ	36	: :	: :	- :	20	:2:	: "	342	: :	- :	: :	:61	:=	- 4
f Tul	দ ∑	24 4	: :	: m	:-	8 :	5	- :	8 4	:	:-	.:	13	2	m
losis	ű Z	7	: :	. 2	2	- 2	7 m	: : -	. .	- :	.w :	۱۳ :	4 :	4	4
Influenza	цΣι	V 4	- :	: :	:-	:-	5 :	7	1 6 1	:-	:-	: :	: m	- 4	:01
10 Measles	μΣι	4 :	: :	: :	- :	: :	- :	5	4 :	: :	: :	: :	.: 5	- :	- :
Ac. Polio-Myel. and Polio-	- ≥	- :	- :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
Enceph	цΣι	:-	::	: :	::	: :	::	:-	::	: :	::	: :	::	: :	: :
Cancer of Buc. Cav. and	<u>.</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	÷	:-	:	:	÷	:	:	:
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16 Cancer of all other sites	ᅜᄝᄔ	101	::	::	:-~	ν φ «	16. 29. 25	65 34 34	4 7 10 10 10 10	::	:::	::	~ o r	- ¢ 4	20 77 49

(h) RETURN—DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION FOR THE YEAR 1942.

8.	No. of deaths in Col. 7 where known to have completed immunisation.		
7.	No. of deaths from diphtheria of children under 15.		• -
6.	No. of cases in Col. 5 known to have completed immunisation not less than 12 weeks	before onset of disease.	· - -
5.	No. of cases of diphtheria notified in 1942. (0—15 years).		400 - -0- 0000 44
	ed % of under 3 ised at 1.42.	5-15 yrs.	56.5 66.8 66.8 87.7 87.7 87.7 72.3 93.2 72.6 98.7 86.2 60.
4	Estimated % of children under 3 immunised at 31.12.42.	Under 5.	69.7 62.2 62.2 75.3 24. 70. 55. 30.5 68. 68. 18.3 31. 50.
	stimated ldren in 31.12.42.	5-15 yrs.	4,191 850 1,004 1,004 1,900 1,200 9,133 2,482 7,040 4,337 2,600 1,600 1,215 5,600
3.	Approx. estimated no. of children in area at 31.12.42.	Under 5.	1,049 400 522 280 665 522 280 665 500 3,22 2,600 3,386 800 700 700 700 2,850
	hildren ived full ise.	5-15 yrs.	178 55 45 107 34 100 100 83 717 567 477 477 202 202 202 201 325 14 1035
2.	No. of children who received full course.	Under 5.	336 105 105 125 142 136 19 87 77 855 81 670 670 105 181 362
1.	Borough or Urban District.		Aylesbury Beaconsfield Bletchley Buckingham Chesham Eton Linslade Marlow Newport Pagnell Slough Wolverton Wycombe Rural Districts. Amersham Aylesbury Buckingham Eton Newport Pagnell Wycombe Wycombe



